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# EC Type-Approval Certificate

**No. DK 0199.377**

**MWI / MCI / LKI**

**NON-AUTOMATIC WEIGHING INSTRUMENT**

**Issued by** DELTA Danish Electronics, Light & Acoustics  
EU - Notified Body No. 0199

In accordance with the requirements for the non-automatic weighing instrument of  
EC Council Directive 2009/23/EC.

**Issued to** **Bosche GmbH & Co. KG**  
Reselager Rieden 3  
49401 Damme  
Germany

**In respect of** Non-automatic weighing instrument designated MWI / MCI / LKI all based  
on BDU10-M analog-to-digital data processing unit with variants of modules  
of load receptors, load cells and peripheral equipment.  
Accuracy class III and IIII  
Maximum capacity, Max: From 1 kg up to 999 950 kg  
Verification scale interval:  $e_i = \text{Max}_i / n_i$   
Maximum number of verification scale intervals:  $n_i \leq 10000$  for single-  
interval and multi-range (however, dependent on environment and the com-  
position of the modules).  
Variants of modules and conditions for the composition of the modules are set  
out in the annex.

The conformity with the essential requirements in annex 1 of the Directive is met by the ap-  
plication of the European Standard EN 45501:1992/AC:1993, WELMEC 2.1:2001 and  
OIML R76:2006.

The principal characteristics and approval conditions are set out in the descriptive  
annex to this certificate.

The annex comprises 16 pages.

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## Descriptive annex

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## **1. Name and type of instrument and modules**

The weighing instrument is designated MWI / MCI / LKI. It is a system of modules consisting of an electronic digital indicator communicating with an analog to digital data processing unit BDU10-M, which is connected to the load cell(s) of the load receptor. The indicator can have a built-in printer or it can be connected to peripheral equipment such as printers or other devices, as appropriate. The instrument is a Class III or IIII, self-indicating weighing instrument with single-interval, multi-range or multi-interval. Power supplied from 230 VAC or from an external AC/DC mains adapter, and an internal rechargeable battery (optional).

The modules appear from Sections 3.1, 3.2, and 3.3; the principle of the composition of the modules is set out in Sections 6.1 and 10.

## **2. Description of the construction and function**

### **2.1 Construction**

#### **2.1.1 Indicator**

The indicator is specified in Section 3.1.

#### **Enclosures and keyboard**

The indicators are housed in an enclosure made of either ABS plastic, stainless steel or aluminium.

The front panels of the indicator comprise:

- Either a LCD display with appropriate state indicators and 6 digits weight display and further displays and indicators for supplementary information.
- A keyboard containing 9 keys (model LKI) or 21 keys (model MWI / MCI) used to enter commands or data into the weight indicator, plus a key for turning the indicator on/off. Each key is identified with a name and/or pictograph.

#### **Electronics**

The indicator uses a mainboard and a display board. The BDU10-M consists of a single printed circuit board, but it needs a special socket board, when installed outside the indicator.

All the metrological circuitry for the models of weighing instruments is located in the BDU10-M.

All instrument calibration and metrological setup data are contained in non-volatile memory. The power supply accepts an input voltage of 12 VDC from the external AC/DC adapter or supplied from 100 - 240 VAC 50-60 Hz directly. The BDU10-M is power supplied from the indicator.

#### **2.1.2 Load receptors, load cells, and load receptor supports**

Set out in Section 3.2.

#### **2.1.3 Interfaces and peripheral equipment**

Set out in Section 4.

## **2.2 Functions**

The weight indicating instruments are microcontroller based electronic digital weight indicators utilizing the BDU10-M analog to digital data processing unit that require the external connection of strain gauge load cell(s). The weight information appears in the digital display located on the front panel and may be transmitted to peripheral equipment for recording, processing or display.

The primary functions provided are detailed below.

### **2.2.1 Display test**

A self-test routine is initiated by pressing the on/off key to turn the instrument off, then pressing it again to turn the instrument on. The test routine first shows the software version then turns on all of the display segments, turns them off again and shows the company name for finally cycling the numbers 6 down to 1 in the digit positions.

### **2.2.2 Display range**

The weight indicators will display weight from –Max to Max (gross weight) within the limits of the display capacity.

### **2.2.3 Zero-setting**

Pressing the “ZERO” key causes a new zero reference to be established and ZERO annunciator to turn on indicating the display is at the centre of zero.

Semi-automatic zero-setting range:  $\pm 2\%$  of Max.

Automatic zero-tracking range:  $\pm 2\%$  of Max.

Initial zero-setting range:  $\pm 10\%$  of Max.

Zero-setting is only possible when the load receptor is not in motion.

#### **2.2.3.1 Semi-automatic zero-setting**

Pressing the ZERO key causes a new zero reference to be established and ZERO annunciator to turn on, indicating that the display is at the centre of zero.

#### **2.2.3.2 Zero-tracking**

The indicators are equipped with a zero-tracking feature, which operates over a range of 4% of Max and only when the indicator is at gross zero and there is no motion in the weight display.

### **2.2.4 Tare**

The instrument models are provided with a semi-automatic subtractive tare as well as a preset tare.

#### **2.2.4.1 Semi-automatic subtractive tare**

Pressing the “TARE” key will enter the currently weight value as the new tare weight value. The weight display will automatically change to the net weight display mode and turn on the NET annunciator. This tare value can be cleared by pressing the TARE key, when there is no load on the load receptor. This tare entry cannot take place, if the load receptor is in motion.

#### **2.2.4.2 Preset tare**

Entering a tare weight using the numeric keys and then pressing the “TARE” key, while there is no load on the load receptor, will take the entered weight value as a preset tare weight value. The weight display will automatically change to the net weight display mode and turn on the PT and NET annun-

ciators. This preset tare value can be cleared by pressing the TARE key, when there is no load on the load receptor.

### **2.2.5 Printing**

A printer may be connected to the optional serial data port or the indicator may have a built-in printer. The weight indicator will transmit the current weight to the printer when the “PRINT” key is pressed.

The printing will not take place if the load receptor is not stable, if the gross weight is less than zero, or if the weight exceeds Max.

### **2.2.6 Counting**

The MCI scale is primarily intended for counting.

The count shown in counting mode however, is not to be regarded as an approved weighing result.

### **2.2.7 Check weighing**

The scales have a non-automatic check weighing function where the weighing result is compared against an upper and a lower limit.

### **2.2.8 Real time clock**

If it is available in the instrument, the real time clock can be activated to get printout with day and time information.

### **2.2.9 Operator information messages**

The weight indicator has a number of general and diagnostic messages, which are described in detail in the user's guide.

### **2.2.10 Software version**

The software revision level is displayed during the power-up sequence of the instrument.

The approved software version is: 3.0.

### **2.2.11 Totalisation**

The indicator can be configured with a totalisation function, adding actual weight display values to the memory when pressing “M+” key if the equilibrium is stable.

The number of added weights and the totalised weight are displayed as secondary information.

### **2.2.12 Alibi memory**

The scales may be configured with an alibi memory (data storage device) in which the weight is stored when printed.

### **2.2.13 Battery operation**

The indicator can be operated from an internal rechargeable battery, if this option is installed.

### 3. Technical data

The MWI / MCI / LKI weighing instruments are composed of separate modules, which are set out as follows:

#### 3.1 Indicator

The digital indicators have the following characteristics:

Type:	MWI / MCI / LKI
Accuracy class:	III and IIII
Weighing range:	Single-interval or multi-range (3 ranges)
Maximum number of Verification	
Scale Intervals:	$\leq 10\,000$ (class III), $\leq 1000$ (class IIII) for single-interval or for each range
Maximum tare effect:	-Max within display limits
Mains power supply:	100-240 VAC 50-60 Hz or 12 VDC using external AC/DC adapter. 6 V internal rechargeable battery (optional).
Operational temperature:	-10 °C to +40 °C
Peripheral interface:	Set out in section 4

#### 3.2 Analog to digital data processing unit

The BDU10-M analog to digital data processing unit have the following characteristics:

Type:	BDU10-M
Accuracy class:	III and IIII
Weighing range:	Single-interval or multi-range (3 ranges)
Maximum number of Verification	
Scale Intervals:	$\leq 10\,000$ (class III), $\leq 1000$ (class IIII) for single-interval or for each range
Maximum tare effect:	-Max within display limits
Fractional factor:	$p_i = 0.5$
Minimum input voltage per VSI:	0.2 $\mu$ V
Excitation voltage:	5 VDC
Circuit for remote sense:	present on the model with 7-terminal connector
Minimum input impedance:	87 ohm
Maximum input impedance:	1200 ohm
Mains power supply:	6 – 8 VDC using Bosche's socket board
Operational temperature:	-10 °C to +40 °C
Peripheral interface:	RS-485 for communication with digital indicator

##### 3.2.1 Connecting cable between the indicator and junction box for load cell(s)

###### 3.2.1.1 4-wire system

Cable between BDU10-M and junction box:	4 wires (no sense), shielded
Maximum length:	10 m/mm <sup>2</sup>

### 3.2.1.2 6-wire system

In a 6-wire system, a 6 wire cable (plus shield) is used between the BDU10-M and the junction box, while load cell(s) may be with either a 4 wire or a 6 wire cable.

Cable between BDU10-M and junction box: 6 wires, shielded  
Maximum length: 1520 m / mm<sup>2</sup>

## 3.3 Load receptors, load cells and load receptor supports

Removable platforms shall be equipped with level indicators.

### 3.3.1 General acceptance of modules

Any load cell(s) may be used for instruments under this certificate of type approval provided the following conditions are met:

- 1) A test certificate (EN 45501) or OIML Certificate of Conformity (R60) respectively issued for the load cell by a Notified Body responsible for type examination under the Directive 2009/23/EC.
- 2) The certificate contains the load cell types and the necessary load cell data required for the manufacturer's declaration of compatibility of modules (WELMEC 2, Issue 5, 2009), and any particular installation requirements). A load cell marked NH is allowed only if humidity testing to EN 45501 has been conducted on this load cell.
- 3) The compatibility of load cells and indicator is established by the manufacturer by means of the compatibility of modules form, contained in the above WELMEC 2 document, or the like, at the time of EC verification or declaration of EC conformity of type.
- 4) The load transmission must conform to one of the examples shown in the WELMEC 2.4 Guide for load cells.

### 3.3.2 Platforms, weigh bridge platforms

Construction in brief	All-steel or steel-reinforced concrete construction, surface or pit mounted
Reduction ratio	1
Junction box	Mounted in or on the platform
Load cells	Load cell according to Section 3.3.1
Drawings	Various

### 3.3.3 Bin, tank, hopper and non-standard systems

Construction in brief	Load cell assemblies each consisting of a load cell stand assembly to support one of the mounting feet bin, tank or hopper
Reduction ratio	1
Junction box	Mounted on dead structure
Load cell	Load cell according to Section 3.3.1
Drawings	Various

### 3.3.4 Crane scales

Construction in brief	Hook or similar arrangement suspended from the load cell.
Reduction ratio	1
Load cell	Load cell according to Section 3.3.1
Drawings	Various

### **3.4 Composition of modules**

In case of composition of modules, EN 45501 paragraph 3.5 and 4.12 shall be satisfied.

### **3.5 Documents**

The documents filed at DELTA (reference No. T203811) are valid for the weighing instruments described here.

## **4. Interfaces and peripheral equipment**

### **4.1 Interfaces**

The interfaces are characterised “Protective interfaces” according to paragraph 8.4 in the Directive.

#### **4.1.1 Input from load receptor**

##### **4.1.1.1 Load cell input**

A 5-terminal connector or 7-terminal connector for the load cell is positioned on the back of the indicator enclosure, when the BDU10-M is installed inside the indicator enclosure.

##### **4.1.1.2 RS-485**

A connector with RS-485 and DC voltage supply for connection to the BDU10-M is positioned on the back of the indicator enclosure, when the BDU10-M is placed in the load receptor or junction box.

#### **4.1.2 Other interfaces**

The indicator may be equipped with the following protective interfaces located on the main board.

- RS-232C

The interfaces do not have to be secured.

### **4.2 Peripheral equipment**

Connection between the indicator and peripheral equipment is allowed by screened cable.

The instrument may be connected to any simple peripheral device with a CE mark of conformity.

## **5. Approval conditions**

### **5.1 Measurement functions other than non-automatic functions**

Measurement functions that will enable the use of the instrument as an automatic weighing instrument are not covered by this type approval.

### **5.2 Counting operation is not approved for NAWI**

The count shown as result of the counting function is not covered by this NAWI approval.

### **5.3 Totalised weight is not a legal value.**

When using the totalisation function creating a sum of several weighing results, this sum is only informative, as it is not a legal value.



## **5.4 Compatibility of modules**

In case of composition of modules, WELMEC 2 (Issue 5) 2009, paragraph 11 shall be satisfied.

## **6. Special conditions for verification**

### **6.1 Composition of modules**

The environmental conditions should be taken into consideration by the composition of modules for a complete weighing instrument, for example instruments with load receptors placed outdoors and having no special protection against the weather.

The composition of modules shall agree with Section 5.4.

An example of a declaration of conformity document is shown in Section 10.

## **7. Securing and location of seals and verification marks**

### **7.1 Securing and sealing**

Seals shall bear the verification mark of a notified body or alternative mark of the manufacturer according to ANNEX II, section 2.3 of the Directive 2009/23/EC.

#### **7.1.1 BDU10-M, event counter**

The type and device specific parameters of the scales are stored in the BDU10-M and are secured with a kind of event counter (TAC). Each time a change in the parameters has occurred a new 6-digit value of the TAC is generated by a special algorithm ensuring a unique value without just incrementing the former value.

#### **7.1.2 Indicator – BDU10-M pairing**

As part of the setup and configuration of the weighing instrument, the digital indicator and the BDU10-M must be paired together. This is an irreversible operation ensuring that these two specimens will work together and that they will not work together with other specimens.

#### **7.1.3 Sealing of BDU10-M against exchange**

If the BDU10-M is installed in a junction box, the access to the box is sealed with brittle plastic stickers as shown in Figure 8.

If the BDU10-M is installed in the digital indicator, it is sealed against exchange with brittle plastic stickers as shown in Figure 9.

#### **7.1.4 Sealing of the digital indicator boards against exchange**

The digital indicator boards can either be sealed against exchange sealed with brittle plastic stickers as shown in Figure 10, or the enclosure of the indicator can be sealed against opening with brittle plastic stickers across the assembly of the enclosure.

#### **7.1.5 Peripheral interface**

The interface for peripherals is “protective”, it neither allows manipulation with weighing data or legal setup, nor change of the performance of the weighing instrument in any way that would alter the legality of the weighing.

## **7.2 Verification marks**

### **7.2.1 Indicator**

A green M-sticker shall be placed next to the CE mark on the inscription plate.

The sticker with verification marks may be placed on or next to the inscription plate or on the front of the indicator.

### **7.2.2 Printers used for legal transactions**

Printers covered by this type approval and other printers according to Section 4.2, which have been subject to the conformity assessment procedure, shall not bear a separate green M-sticker in order to be used for legal transactions.

## **8. Location of CE mark of conformity and inscriptions**

### **8.1 Indicator**

#### **8.1.1 CE mark**

A sticker with the CE mark of conformity and year of production is located on the identification plate, which is located on the enclosure of the weight indicator.

#### **8.1.2 Inscriptions**

Manufacturer's trademark and/or name and the type designation is located on the front panel overlay.

Indelibly printed on a brittle plastic sticker located on the front panel overlay:

- Max, Min, e =

On the inscription plate:

- Manufacturer's name and/or logo, model no., serial no., type-approval certificate no., accuracy class, BDU10-M serial number, electrical data and other inscriptions.

#### **8.1.2.1 Load receptors**

On a data plate:

- Manufacturer's name, type, serial number, capacity

## 9. Pictures



**Figure 1** MWI indicator in ABS housing.



**Figure 2** MWI indicator in stainless steel housing with built-in printer.



**Figure 3** MCI indicator in ABS housing.



**Figure 4** MCI indicator in stainless steel housing.



**Figure 5** MCI indicator in stainless steel housing with built-in printer with cover.



**Figure 6** LKI indicator.

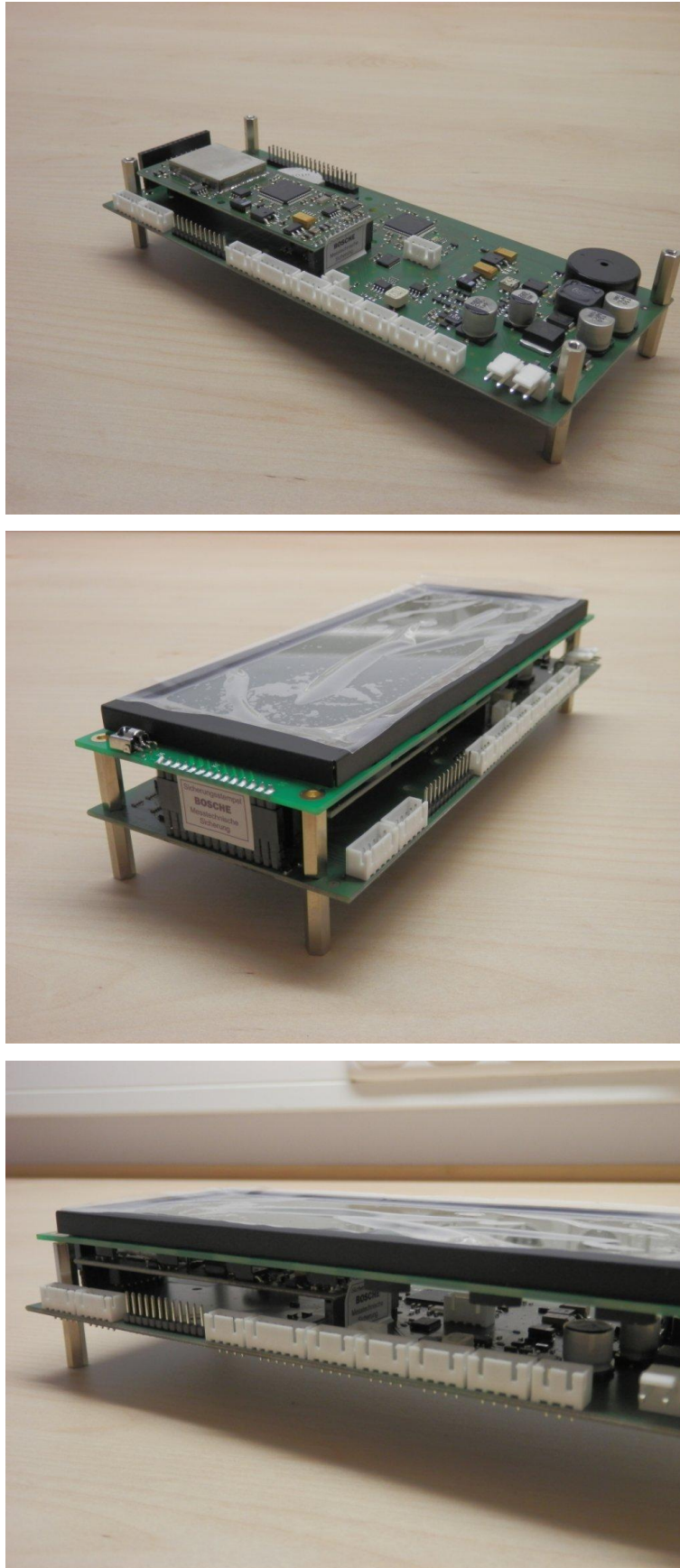




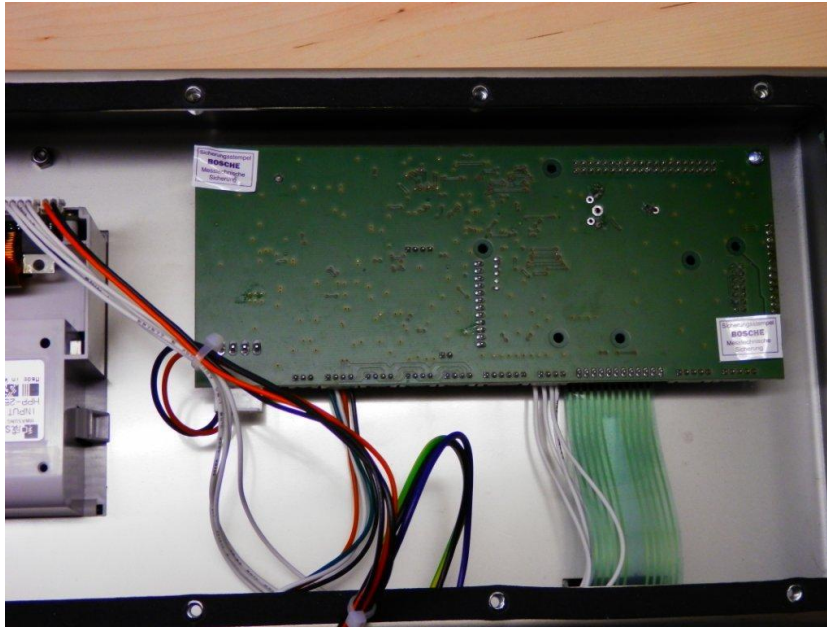
**Figure 7** BDU10-M analog to digital data processing unit placed in a junction box.



**Figure 8** Sealing of junction box with BDU10-M.



**Figure 9** Sealing of access to BDU10-M, when installed inside indicator.



**Figure 10** Sealing of the indicator boards against exchange.



## 10. Composition of modules – an example

### COMPATIBILITY OF MODULES

Ref.: WELMEC 2

Non-Automatic Weighing Instrument, multi-interval

Certificate of EU Type-Approval N°:

#### INDICATOR

A/D (Module 1)

Type: MWI with BDU10-M

Accuracy class according to EN 45501 and OIML R76:  
Maximum number of verification scale intervals ( $n_{\max}$  or lower):  
Fraction of maximum permissible error (mpe):  
Load cell excitation voltage:  
Minimum input-voltage per verification scale interval:  
Minimum load cell impedance:  
Coefficient of temperature of the span error:  
Coefficient of resistance for the wires in the J-box cable:  
Specific J-box cable-Length to the junction box for load cells  
Load cell interface:  
Additive tare, if available:  
Initial zero setting range:  
Temperature range:  
Test report (TR), Test Certificate (TC) or OIML Certificate of Conformity

Class<sub>ind</sub> (I, II, III or IIII)  
 $n_{\max}$   
 $p_1$   
 $U_{exc}$  [Vdc]  
 $\Delta U_{min}$  [ $\mu$ V]  
 $R_{Lmin}$  [ $\Omega$ ]  
 $E_s$  [% / 25°C]  
 $S_x$  [% /  $\Omega$ ]  
(L/A)<sub>max</sub> [m / mm<sup>2</sup>]  
6-wire (remote sense)  
 $T^+$  [% of Max]  
IZSR [% of Max]  
 $T_{min} / T_{max}$  [°C]

TAC: DK0199.377

III  
10000  
0,5  
5  
0,2  
87,5  
  
  
1520  
0  
-10 / 10  
-10 / 40

#### LOAD RECEPTOR

(Module 2)

Type: Platform

Construction:  
Fraction of mpe:  
Number of load cells:  
Reduction ratio of the load transmitting device:  
Dead load of load receptor:  
Non uniform distribution of the load:  
Correction factor:  
 $Q = 1 + (DL + T^+ + IZSR^+ + NUD) / 100$

$p_2$   
N  
 $R = F_M / F_L$   
DL [% of Max]  
NUD [% of Max]

0,5  
4  
1  
3  
20  
1,33

#### LOAD CELL

ANALOG (Module 3)

Type: K30N

Accuracy class according to OIML R60  
Maximum number of load cell intervals:  
Fraction of mpe:  
Rated output (sensitivity):  
Input resistance of single load cell:  
Minimum load cell verification interval: ( $V_{min}\% = 100 / Y$ )  
Rated capacity:  
Minimum dead load, relative:  
Minimum dead load output return: ( $DR\% = 50 / Z$ )  
Temperature range:  
Test report (TR) or Test Certificate (TC/OIML) as appropriate

Class<sub>LC</sub> (A, B, C or D)  
 $n_{LC}$   
 $p_3$   
C [mV / V]  
 $R_{LC}$  [ $\Omega$ ]  
 $V_{min}\%$  [% of  $E_{max}$ ]  
 $E_{max}$  [kg]  
( $E_{min} / E_{max}$ ) \* 100 [%]  
 $DR\%$  [% of  $E_{max}$ ]  
 $T_{min} / T_{max}$  [°C]

C  
3000  
0,7  
3  
400  
0,01  
1000  
0  
0,00833  
-10 / 40

### COMPLETE WEIGHING INSTRUMENT

Multi-interval

Manufacturer: Bosche GmbH & Co. KG

Type: MWI platform scale

Accuracy class according to EN 45501 and OIML R76  
Fractions:  $p_i = p_1^2 + p_2^2 + p_3^2$   
Maximum capacity:  
Maximum capacity for each partial weighing range:  
Number of verification scale intervals for each weighing range  
Verification scale interval for each weighing range  
Utilisation ratio of the load cell:  
Input voltage (from the load cells):  
Cross-section of each wire in the J-box cable:  
J-box cable-Length to the junction box for load cells  
Temperature range to be marked on the instrument  
Peripheral Equipment subject to legal control:

Class<sub>VM</sub> (I, II, III or IIII)  
 $p_i$   
Max [kg]  
 $Max_1 / Max_2$  [kg]  
 $n_1 / n_2$   
 $e_1 / e_2$  [kg]  
 $\alpha = (Max_1 / E_{max}) * (R / N)$   
 $\Delta_u = C * U_{exc} * \alpha * 1000 / n$   
A [mm<sup>2</sup>]  
L [m]  
 $T_{min} / T_{max}$  [°C]

III  
1,0  
3000  
1500 3000  
3000 3000  
0,5 1  
0,38 0,75  
1,875 3,75  
0,5  
20

Acceptance criteria for compatibility			Passed, provided no result below is < 0		
Class <sub>VM</sub>	<=	Class <sub>ind</sub> & Class <sub>LC</sub> (WELMEC 2: 1)	Class <sub>VM</sub>	<=	PASSED
$p_i$	<=	1 (R76: 3.5.4.1)	1 - $p_i$	>=	0,0
$n_i$	<=	$n_{max}$ for the class (R76: 3.2)	$n_{max}$ for the class - $n_i$	>=	7000
$n_i$	<=	$n_{ind}$ (WELMEC 2: 4)	$n_{ind} - n_i$	>=	7000
$n_i$	<=	$n_{LC}$ (R76: 4.12.2)	$n_{LC} - n_i$	>=	0
$E_{min}$	<=	DL * R / N (WELMEC 2: 6d)	(DL * R / N) - $E_{min}$	>=	22,5
$V_{min} * \sqrt{N} / R$	<=	$e_i$ (R76: 4.12.3)	$e_i - (V_{min} * \sqrt{N} / R)$	>=	0,300
or (if $V_{min}$ is not given)			Alternative solutions:		
( $E_{max} / n_{LC}$ ) * ( $\sqrt{N} / R$ )	<=	$e_i$ (WELMEC 2: 7)	$e_i - ((E_{max} / n_{LC}) * (\sqrt{N} / R))$	>=	1,68
$\Delta U_{min}$	<=	$\Delta u$ (WELMEC 2: 8)	$\Delta u - \Delta U_{min}$	>=	3,55
$R_{Lmin}$	<=	$R_{LC} / N$ (WELMEC 2: 9)	( $R_{LC} / N$ ) - $R_{Lmin}$	>=	13
L / A	<=	(L / A) <sub>max</sub> (WELMEC 2: 10)	(L / A) <sub>max</sub> - (L / A)	>=	1480
$T_{range}$	<=	$T_{max} - T_{min}$ (R76: 3.9.2.2)	( $T_{max} - T_{min}$ ) - $T_{range}$	>=	20
$Q^* Max * R / N$	<=	$E_{max}$ (R76: 4.12.1)	$E_{max} - (Q^* Max * R / N)$	>=	2,5
DR <sub>%</sub>	<=	50 * $e_i$ / Max (WELMEC 2: 6b)	(50 * $e_i$ / Max) - DR <sub>%</sub>	>=	0,0000
or (if DR <sub>%</sub> is not given)			Alternative solutions:		
Max / $e_i$	<=	$n_{LC}$ (WELMEC 2: 6b)	$n_{LC} - (Max / e_i)$	>=	

Signature and date:

Conclusion . . . . .

PASSED

This is an authentic document made from the program:  
"Compatibility of NAWI-modules version 3.2".